WHAT TO KNOW ABOUT SCPHD's COVID-19 RISK LEVELS:

- The risk levels may be applied at the county level.
- Different counties within SCPHD may be at different risk levels. Risk levels can
 increase or decrease.
- In ALL risk levels, the preventive measures outlined in the Minimal Risk Level should be followed. Always prepare for the next risk level.
- In addition to metrics determining risk of transmission, public health officials will closely monitor and may take into consideration for movement to a different risk level the following:
 - Input from hospital partners local hospital capacity is determined by each hospital in the region
 - Trends in COVID-19 testing, including positivity rate
 - Supplies of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for healthcare providers/first responders
 - Epidemiological investigation and contact tracing capacity, including outbreaks associated with congregate living facilities
 - COVID-related hospitalizations and deaths
 - Syndromic surveillance of emergency department visits with COVID-like symptoms

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Metric Definitions and weight for each metric



Using data from July 31st to August 13th

Positivity Rate for the County

Data is provided by Idaho Health and Welfare. This category is used mostly for context and has the least weight in the final assessment.

Average New Cases Per 10,000 residents.

This category reflects the trending case number on a rolling 14 day average. It indicates public health's ability to keep up with investigation and contact tracing for new cases. This category has less weight than hospital capacity and more weight than the positivity rate.

Hospital Capacity

Hospital Capacity includes the local healthcare facility's ability to treat all incoming patients, not just COVID -19 positive patients. This category has the most weight in the decision making for the final assessment.

Hospital capacity includes available staffing, available beds, available personal protective equipment, and other factors that may impact their ability to respond to medical emergencies. The final assigned capacity is determined by the local hospital in each county.

Other Epidemiological Factors

These factors indicate public health risk. These may include SIGNIFICANT outbreaks (outbreaks that are not controlled) in healthcare centers, schools, congregate living facilities, etc. They may also include case surges that overwhelm investigation efforts.

If SCPHD identifies any concerning factors, this category will have similar weight to the hospital capacity level.

Blaine County

Risk level: Moderate

Blaine County's positivity rate is in the high risk category. The case rate is in the moderate risk level and steadily declining. At-home tests are not recorded in this data. It is possible the case rate is higher than data shows.

As cases decrease, the overall impact to local healthcare is moderate.

Taking all major factors into account, the overall determined risk level is moderate.



Using data from July 31st to August 13th

12.2%

Positivity Rate for the County Provided by Idaho Health and Welfare

1.82

Average New Cases Per 10,000 residents based on a **14 day rolling average.**

Moderate

Hospital Capacity

Impact on the local hospital is moderate because of staffing and capacity. Impact on the regional hospital is moderate. Overall impact is moderate.

Minimal

Other Epidemiological Factors

RISK LEVEL	METRICS MONITORED	MITIGATION STRATEGIES
MODERATE	1. NEW DAILY CASES IS BETWEEN 1 to 2.5 PER 10,000 POPULATION (14 DAY ROLLING AVERAGE) 2. COVID-19 TESTING POSITIVE RATE IS BETWEEN 5% to 10% OR 3. HOSPITAL CAPACITY FOR CARE IS IMPACTED (MEDICAL SURGE CAPACITY STILL AVAILABLE)	AT THE MODERATE LEVEL, THERE MAY BE SPORADIC CASES, AN UPTICK IN CLOSE CONTACT TRANSMISSION, OR ISOLATED CLUSTER OUTBREAKS. SCPHD OR LOCAL JURISDICTIONS MAY INSTITUTE SOME OR ALL OF THE FOLLOWING: Increase education, information sharing and warning, and messaging (health advisories), continue to emphasize vaccinations Extra precautions for vulnerable populations (older adults, individuals with underlying health conditions) Stricter policies for staff and visitors to avoid potential outbreaks in congregate living facilities (long-term care, nursing homes, correctional facilities, etc.) Follow state, public health district, and/or local medical guidance for limitations on gatherings and mask requirements If unvaccinated, maintain physical distance of at least 6 feet from others (outside of immediate family) whenever possible — avoid crowds and poorly ventilated indoor spaces If unvaccinated, wear face coverings in public that fully cover the nose and mouth when physical distancing is not possible or is difficult to maintain

Camas County

Risk level: Minimal

Camas County's case rate remains in the moderate risk level and the positivity rate remains minimal. (The case rate considers a rolling 14 day average, but the positivity rate only reflect cases in the last calendar week.)

The overall impact on hospitals in the area is minimal.

Taking all major factors into account, the overall determined risk level is minimal.



Using data from July 31st to August 13th

0%

1.33

Provided by Idaho Health and Welfare

Average New Cases Per 10,000 residents based on a **14 day rolling average.**

Minimal

No Specific Hospital

Hospital Capacity includes the local healthcare facility's ability to treat all incoming patients, not just COVID -19 positive patients.

Minimal

Other Epidemiological Factors

RISK LEVEL	METRICS MONITORED	MITIGATION STRATEGIES
MINIMAL RISK	1. NEW DAILY CASES <1 PER 10,000 POPULATION (14 DAY ROLLING AVERAGE) 2. COVID-19 TESTING POSITIVE RATE <5% 3. HOSPITAL CAPACITY FOR CARE IS NORMAL	At the minimal level, the risk of community-wide COVID- 19 spread is lower. REGARDLESS OF THE RISK LEVEL THROUGHOUT THE PANDEMIC, EVERYONE IS ENCOURAGED TO DO THE FOLLOWING: Stay home if you are sick Get vaccinated If unvaccinated, maintain physical distance of at least 6 feet from others (outside of immediate family) whenever possible If unvaccinated, avoid crowds and poorly ventilated indoor spaces If unvaccinated, wear a mask in public (especially indoors) that fully cover the nose and mouth when physical distancing is not possible or is difficult to maintain Wash hands frequently for at least 20 seconds or use hand sanitizer if soap and water aren't available Vulnerable populations (older adults, individuals with underlying health conditions) take extra precautions Carefully monitor your health – be alert for symptoms

Cassia County

Risk level: Minimal

Cassia County's positivity rate and case rate have moved up into the moderate risk level.

The overall impact on hospitals in the area is minimal.

Taking all major factors into account, the overall determined risk level is minimal.

South Central Public Health District
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Using data from July 31st to August 13th

10%

Positivity Rate for the County in the past week.
Provided by Idaho Health and Welfare

1.30

Average New Cases Per 10,000 residents based on a **14 day rolling average.**

Minimal

Hospital Capacity

The impact on the local hospital is minimal. The impact on the regional hospital is moderate. Overall, the impact is minimal.

Minimal

Other Epidemiological Factors

RISK LEVEL	METRICS MONITORED	MITIGATION STRATEGIES
MINIMAL RISK	1. NEW DAILY CASES <1 PER 10,000 POPULATION (14 DAY ROLLING AVERAGE) 2. COVID-19 TESTING POSITIVE RATE <5% 3. HOSPITAL CAPACITY FOR CARE IS NORMAL	At the minimal level, the risk of community-wide COVID- 19 spread is lower. REGARDLESS OF THE RISK LEVEL THROUGHOUT THE PANDEMIC, EVERYONE IS ENCOURAGED TO DO THE FOLLOWING: Stay home if you are sick Get vaccinated If unvaccinated, maintain physical distance of at least 6 feet from others (outside of immediate family) whenever possible If unvaccinated, avoid crowds and poorly ventilated indoor spaces If unvaccinated, wear a mask in public (especially indoors) that fully cover the nose and mouth when physical distancing is not possible or is difficult to maintain Wash hands frequently for at least 20 seconds or use hand sanitizer if soap and water aren't available Vulnerable populations (older adults, individuals with underlying health conditions) take extra precautions Carefully monitor your health – be alert for symptoms

Gooding County

Risk level: Minimal

Gooding County's positivity rate is back down into the moderate risk level. The county case rate is now trending down and is also in the moderate risk level.

The overall impact on hospitals in the area is minimal.

Taking all major factors into account, the overall determined risk level is minimal.



Using data from July 31st to August 13th

9.8%

Positivity Rate for the County in the past week.
Provided by Idaho Health and Welfare

1.92

Average New Cases Per 10,000 residents based on a **14 day rolling average.**

Minimal

Hospital Capacity

The impact on the local hospital has minimal impact. The impact on the regional hospital is moderate. Overall, the impact is minimal.

Minimal

Other Epidemiological Factors

RISK LEVEL	METRICS MONITORED	MITIGATION STRATEGIES
MINIMAL RISK	1. NEW DAILY CASES <1 PER 10,000 POPULATION (14 DAY ROLLING AVERAGE) 2. COVID-19 TESTING POSITIVE RATE <5% 3. HOSPITAL CAPACITY FOR CARE IS NORMAL	At the minimal level, the risk of community-wide COVID- 19 spread is lower. REGARDLESS OF THE RISK LEVEL THROUGHOUT THE PANDEMIC, EVERYONE IS ENCOURAGED TO DO THE FOLLOWING: Stay home if you are sick Get vaccinated If unvaccinated, maintain physical distance of at least 6 feet from others (outside of immediate family) whenever possible If unvaccinated, avoid crowds and poorly ventilated indoor spaces If unvaccinated, wear a mask in public (especially indoors) that fully cover the nose and mouth when physical distancing is not possible or is difficult to maintain Wash hands frequently for at least 20 seconds or use hand sanitizer if soap and water aren't available Vulnerable populations (older adults, individuals with underlying health conditions) take extra precautions Carefully monitor your health – be alert for symptoms

Jerome County

Risk level: Moderate

Jerome County's positivity rate and case rate are in the high end of the high risk level.

The overall impact on hospitals in the area is minimal.

Despite the positivity rate and case rate, COVID-19 impact in the community remains relatively low.

Taking all major factors into account, the overall determined risk level is moderate.



Using data from July 31st to August 13th

19.9%

Positivity Rate for the County Provided by Idaho Health and Welfare

4.27

Average New Cases Per 10,000 residents based on a **14 day rolling average.**

Minimal

Hospital Capacity

The impact on the local hospital is minimal. The impact on the regional hospital is moderate. The overall impact is minimal.

Minimal

Other Epidemiological Factors

RISK LEVEL	METRICS MONITORED	MITIGATION STRATEGIES
MODERATE	1. NEW DAILY CASES IS BETWEEN 1 to 2.5 PER 10,000 POPULATION (14 DAY ROLLING AVERAGE) 2. COVID-19 TESTING POSITIVE RATE IS BETWEEN 5% to 10% OR 3. HOSPITAL CAPACITY FOR CARE IS IMPACTED (MEDICAL SURGE CAPACITY STILL AVAILABLE)	AT THE MODERATE LEVEL, THERE MAY BE SPORADIC CASES, AN UPTICK IN CLOSE CONTACT TRANSMISSION, OR ISOLATED CLUSTER OUTBREAKS. SCPHD OR LOCAL JURISDICTIONS MAY INSTITUTE SOME OR ALL OF THE FOLLOWING: Increase education, information sharing and warning, and messaging (health advisories), continue to emphasize vaccinations Extra precautions for vulnerable populations (older adults, individuals with underlying health conditions) Stricter policies for staff and visitors to avoid potential outbreaks in congregate living facilities (long-term care, nursing homes, correctional facilities, etc.) Follow state, public health district, and/or local medical guidance for limitations on gatherings and mask requirements If unvaccinated, maintain physical distance of at least 6 feet from others (outside of immediate family) whenever possible — avoid crowds and poorly ventilated indoor spaces If unvaccinated, wear face coverings in public that fully cover the nose and mouth when physical distancing is not possible or is difficult to maintain

Lincoln County

Risk level: Minimal

Lincoln County's positivity rate has dropped into the minimal risk zone. The case rate remains in the moderate risk level.

The overall impact on hospitals in the area is minimal.

Taking all major factors into account, the overall determined risk level is minimal.

South Central Public Health District

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Using data from July 31st to August 13th

1.9%

Provided by Idaho Health and Welfare

1.53

Average New Cases Per 10,000 residents based on a **14 day rolling average.**

No Specific Hospital

Hospital Capacity

Hospital Capacity includes the local healthcare facility's ability to treat all incoming patients, not just COVID -19 positive patients.

Minimal

Other Epidemiological Factors

RISK LEVEL	METRICS MONITORED	MITIGATION STRATEGIES
MINIMAL RISK	1. NEW DAILY CASES <1 PER 10,000 POPULATION (14 DAY ROLLING AVERAGE) 2. COVID-19 TESTING POSITIVE RATE <5% 3. HOSPITAL CAPACITY FOR CARE IS NORMAL	At the minimal level, the risk of community-wide COVID- 19 spread is lower. REGARDLESS OF THE RISK LEVEL THROUGHOUT THE PANDEMIC, EVERYONE IS ENCOURAGED TO DO THE FOLLOWING: Stay home if you are sick Get vaccinated If unvaccinated, maintain physical distance of at least 6 feet from others (outside of immediate family) whenever possible If unvaccinated, avoid crowds and poorly ventilated indoor spaces If unvaccinated, wear a mask in public (especially indoors) that fully cover the nose and mouth when physical distancing is not possible or is difficult to maintain Wash hands frequently for at least 20 seconds or use hand sanitizer if soap and water aren't available Vulnerable populations (older adults, individuals with underlying health conditions) take extra precautions Carefully monitor your health – be alert for symptoms

Minidoka County

Risk level: Minimal

Minidoka County's positivity rate has moved back down to the moderate level. The county case rate is in the moderate risk level.

The overall impact on hospitals in the area is minimal.

Taking all major factors into account, the overall determined risk level is minimal.



Using data from July 31st to August 13th

10.8%

Provided by Idaho Health and Welfare

2.21

Average New Cases Per 10,000 residents based on a **14 day rolling average.**

Minimal

Hospital Capacity

The impact on the local hospital is minimal. Impact on the regional hospital is moderate. Overall, the impact is minimal.

Minimal

Other Epidemiological Factors

RISK LEVEL	METRICS MONITORED	MITIGATION STRATEGIES
MINIMAL RISK	1. NEW DAILY CASES <1 PER 10,000 POPULATION (14 DAY ROLLING AVERAGE) 2. COVID-19 TESTING POSITIVE RATE <5% 3. HOSPITAL CAPACITY FOR CARE IS NORMAL	At the minimal level, the risk of community-wide COVID- 19 spread is lower. REGARDLESS OF THE RISK LEVEL THROUGHOUT THE PANDEMIC, EVERYONE IS ENCOURAGED TO DO THE FOLLOWING: Stay home if you are sick Get vaccinated If unvaccinated, maintain physical distance of at least 6 feet from others (outside of immediate family) whenever possible If unvaccinated, avoid crowds and poorly ventilated indoor spaces If unvaccinated, wear a mask in public (especially indoors) that fully cover the nose and mouth when physical distancing is not possible or is difficult to maintain Wash hands frequently for at least 20 seconds or use hand sanitizer if soap and water aren't available Vulnerable populations (older adults, individuals with underlying health conditions) take extra precautions Carefully monitor your health – be alert for symptoms

Twin Falls County

Risk level: Moderate

Twin Falls County's positivity rate has moved back down to the moderate risk zone. The case rate remains in the high risk level.

The overall impact on hospitals in the area remains in the moderate risk level because of staffing and capacity.

Taking all major factors into account, the overall determined risk level is moderate.



Using data from July 31st to August 13th

8.2%

Positivity Rate for the County
Provided by Idaho Health and Welfare

2.73

Average New Cases Per 10,000 residents based on a **14 day rolling average**.

Moderate

Hospital Capacity

The impact on the local and regional hospital is in the moderate category because of staffing and capacity.

Minimal

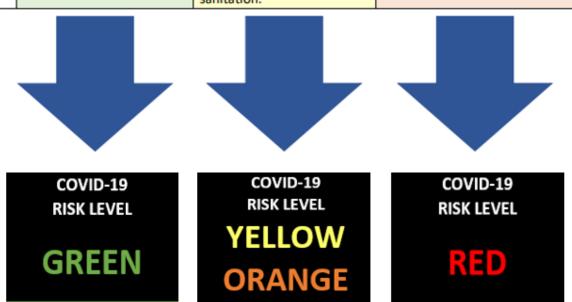
Other Epidemiological Factors

RISK LEVEL	METRICS MONITORED	MITIGATION STRATEGIES
MODERATE	1. NEW DAILY CASES IS BETWEEN 1 to 2.5 PER 10,000 POPULATION (14 DAY ROLLING AVERAGE) 2. COVID-19 TESTING POSITIVE RATE IS BETWEEN 5% to 10% OR 3. HOSPITAL CAPACITY FOR CARE IS IMPACTED (MEDICAL SURGE CAPACITY STILL AVAILABLE)	AT THE MODERATE LEVEL, THERE MAY BE SPORADIC CASES, AN UPTICK IN CLOSE CONTACT TRANSMISSION, OR ISOLATED CLUSTER OUTBREAKS. SCPHD OR LOCAL JURISDICTIONS MAY INSTITUTE SOME OR ALL OF THE FOLLOWING: Increase education, information sharing and warning, and messaging (health advisories), continue to emphasize vaccinations Extra precautions for vulnerable populations (older adults, individuals with underlying health conditions) Stricter policies for staff and visitors to avoid potential outbreaks in congregate living facilities (long-term care, nursing homes, correctional facilities, etc.) Follow state, public health district, and/or local medical guidance for limitations on gatherings and mask requirements If unvaccinated, maintain physical distance of at least 6 feet from others (outside of immediate family) whenever possible — avoid crowds and poorly ventilated indoor spaces If unvaccinated, wear face coverings in public that fully cover the nose and mouth when physical distancing is not possible or is difficult to maintain

Crosswalk for Schools

<u>Idaho Back to School Framework</u> has identified three categories for determining transmission risk (table below). To assist schools located in the six-county region, South Central Public Health District has cross-walked the Idaho Back to School Framework with the COVID-19 Risk Level advisory system.

"Identify Leve	l of Transmission Risk"		
	Category 1: No Community	Category 2: Minimal to Moderate	Category 3: Substantial Community
	Transmission	Community Transmission	Transmission
Definitions	Evidence of isolated cases, case investigations underway, no evidence of exposure in large communal setting, e.g., healthcare facility, school, mass gathering.	Widespread and/or sustained transmission with high likelihood or confirmed exposure within communal settings, with potential for rapid increase in suspected cases.	Large-scale community transmission, healthcare staffing significantly impacted, multiple cases within communal settings like healthcare facilities, schools, mass gatherings, etc.
Level of Operations	School buildings open with physical distancing and sanitation.	School buildings open but option of limited/staggered use of school buildings with physical distancing and sanitation.	Targeted, short-term, or extended building closure.



DEFINITIONS

CRISIS STANDARDS OF CARE:

Guidance to help guide ethical decision-making for how to triage medical care when it has to be rationed.

Plan can be found on the <u>Idaho Department of Health</u> and Welfare's website.

MEDICAL SURGE CAPACITY:

Medical surge capacity refers to the ability to evaluate and care for a markedly increased volume of patients—one that challenges or exceeds normal operating capacity. The surge requirements may extend beyond direct patient care to include such tasks as extensive laboratory studies or epidemiological investigations.

Source

TIMELINE FOR MEASUREMENTS

Data to support the corresponding Health Risk Level and any related mitigation strategies will be posted every other Thursday by 5 pm.

Health Risk Levels will be made on every other Thursday based on the prior two weeks starting on a Sunday and ending on a Saturday. Movement from one risk level to a lesser risk level will occur at 14-day intervals (one incubation period for COVID-19), while advancement to a level of higher risk can occur at any time.

MOVEMENT BETWEEN RISK LEVELS

Determinations to move to a more restrictive risk level may be made mid-stage if any of the criteria below are met:

- Crisis standards of care are implemented
- Counties must remain in a risk level for at least two weeks before moving to a less restrictive phase
- Senior leadership at a local hospital indicates that further increases in cases in the community will overwhelm local hospital capacity
- Reported cases exceed > 5 daily new cases per 10,000 people in a defined population (e.g., town, city, or county) or if new case rate adversely impacts SCPHD's ability to respond

REFERENCES

- Key Metrics for COVID Suppression: A framework for policy makers and the public. July 1, 2020.
- Essential information for states and counties to publicly report